



Marquis Balanced Growth Portfolio

Annual Management Report of Fund Performance

For the year ended June 30, 2025

This annual management report of fund performance contains financial highlights but does not contain the complete annual financial statements of the investment fund. You can get a copy of the annual financial statements at your request, and at no cost, by calling toll-free 1-800-268-8186, by writing to us at 40 Temperance Street, 16th Floor, Toronto, ON, M5H 0B4 or by visiting our website at www.dynamic.ca or SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

Securityholders may also contact us using one of these methods to request a copy of the investment fund's interim financial statements, proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record or quarterly portfolio disclosure.

1832 Asset Management L.P. is the manager (the "Manager") of the Fund. In this document, "we", "us", "our" and the "Manager" refer to 1832 Asset Management L.P. and the "Fund" refers to Marquis Balanced Growth Portfolio.

The term "net asset value" or "net asset value per unit" in this document refers to the net asset value determined in accordance with Part 14 of National Instrument 81-106 – Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure ("National Instrument 81-106"); while the term "net assets" or "net assets per unit" refers to total equity or net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund as determined in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain portions of this report, including, but not limited to, "Recent Developments", may contain forward-looking statements about the Fund and the underlying funds, as applicable, including statements with respect to strategies, risks, expected performance events and conditions. Forward-looking statements include statements that are predictive in nature, that depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or that include words such as "expects", "anticipates", "intends", "plans", "believes", "estimates", "projects" and similar forward-looking expressions or negative versions thereof.

In addition, any statement that may be made concerning future performance, strategies or prospects and possible future action by the Fund is also a forward-looking statement. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and projections about future general economic, political and relevant market factors, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity and capital markets, and the general business environment, in each case assuming no changes to applicable tax or other laws or government regulation. Expectations and projections about future events are inherently subject to, among other things, risks and uncertainties, some of which may be unforeseeable. Accordingly, current assumptions concerning future economic and other factors may prove to be incorrect at a future date.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or events could differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements made by the Fund. Any number of important factors could contribute to these digressions, including, but not limited to, general economic, political and market factors in North America and internationally, such as interest and foreign exchange rates, global equity and capital markets, business competition, technological change, changes in government relations, unexpected judicial or regulatory proceedings and catastrophic events. We stress that the above mentioned list of important factors is not exhaustive. Some of these risks, uncertainties and other factors are described in the Fund's simplified prospectus, under the heading "Risk Factors".

We encourage you to consider these and other factors carefully before making any investment decisions. Forward-looking statements should not be unduly relied upon. Further, you should be aware of the fact that the Fund has no specific intention of updating any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, prior to the release of the next management report of fund performance, and that the forward-looking statements speak only to the date of this management report of fund performance.

Investment Objective and Strategies

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital growth and a level of income by investing primarily in a diversified portfolio of equity and fixed-income mutual funds.

The Fund generally follows a strategic asset allocation investment approach where the portfolio advisor considers each underlying fund's investment objectives and strategies, past performance and volatility, among other factors, in determining the suitability of underlying funds in meeting the investment objectives of the Fund.

To ensure the portfolio's composition meets the investment objectives of the Fund, the portfolio advisor monitors the underlying funds and rebalances the Fund's assets among the underlying funds. Investment managers with different expertise and investment styles may be the investment managers of certain underlying funds from time to time.

All of the Fund's objectives and strategies are further described in the simplified prospectus of the Fund.

Risk

The risks associated with investing in the Fund are as described in the simplified prospectus. There were no material changes to the Fund over its last completed financial year that affected the overall level of risk of the Fund.

Results of Operations

For the year ended at June 30, 2025 (the “period”), the Series A units of the Fund generated a total return of 10.9%. Fund returns are reported net of all management fees and expenses for all series, unlike the returns of the Fund’s benchmark, which is based on the performance of an index that does not pay fees or incur expenses. Returns for other series of the Fund will be similar to Series A with any difference in performance being primarily due to different management fees, operating expenses and other expenses that are applicable to that particular series. Please see the “Past Performance” section for the performance of the Fund’s other series.

To achieve its long-term asset allocation mandate, the Fund invested directly in fund(s) managed by the Manager or by third party investment managers (“Underlying Fund(s)”). As a result of the following commentary on investment portfolio activity relates to the Underlying Fund(s). Commentary on income, expenses and unitholder activity relate to the Fund.

The Fund’s broad-based benchmarks, the S&P/TSX Composite Index and the FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index returned 26.4% and returned 6.1%, respectively, during the same period. In accordance with National Instrument 81-106, we have included a comparison to broad-based indices to help you understand the Fund’s performance relative to the general performance of the market, but caution that the Fund’s mandate may be significantly different from the indices shown.

The Fund’s blended benchmark, 20% S&P/TSX Composite Index, 35% FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index and 45% Solactive GBS Developed Markets Large & Mid Cap Index (C\$) returned 14.5% during the same period. We have included this comparison, which more closely reflects the market sectors and/or asset classes in which the Fund invests, to provide a more useful comparative to the performance of the Fund.

The Fund has a long-term asset allocation of 65% equities and 35% bonds. During the period, the Fund underperformed its blended benchmark as a result of its Canadian and global equity components underperforming their respective benchmarks.

The Canadian bond market, as represented by the FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index, returned 6.1% for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2025. The 10-year Government of Canada yield dipped down to 2.9% in September before rising into the year-end. It fell to 2.8% in March and ended the period at 3.3%. The Bank of Canada (BoC) continued to cut rates with a 25 basis points (bps) rate cut in both July and September followed by a jumbo 50 bps cut in both October and December. Another two 25 bps cuts in 2025 brought the overnight rate to 2.75% by period end. Within the U.S., the 10-year Treasury yield dipped down to 3.6% in September. Following Trump’s election victory, bond markets experienced a volatile sell-off driven largely by the anticipation of inflationary policies and bigger deficits under the new administration, leading to a rise in U.S. Treasury yields. The Federal Reserve began its own easing policy with a 50 bps cut in September, the first cut since emergency easing ended during the pandemic. They then followed with two more 25 bps cuts in November and December before keeping the funds rate steady throughout the first half of

2025. The Fed’s cautious stance reflected persistent inflation pressures and uncertainty surrounding the economic impact of new trade policies. Investment grade and high yield credit spreads, as measured by ICE BofA Canadian and U.S. corporate indices OAS (Option-Adjusted Spread) widened out in July and August before narrowing to period tights by the 4th quarter. In the U.S., credit spreads saw additional pressure in Q2 due to renewed tariff announcements by the Trump administration, which raised concerns about corporate margins and global trade flows. However, spreads gradually narrowed into June as markets adjusted to the policy environment and risk appetite returned, particularly in investment grade.

The Canadian equity market ended the 12-month period in positive territory as the S&P/TSX Composite Index returned 26.4%. The Canadian economy navigated a path of moderate growth and disinflation, creating a supportive backdrop for equity markets.

The Canadian economy achieved a “soft landing”, with GDP growth remaining positive but subdued. Consumer spending held steady, and the labor market, while easing slightly, remained resilient with unemployment staying below 7.5%. Inflation steadily declined, reaching the Bank of Canada’s 2% target by early 2025, driven by falling energy prices and easing supply chain pressures.

This disinflationary trend allowed the Bank of Canada to cut interest rates twice in early 2025, bringing the policy rate into the 2.5%–3% range. These cuts improved financial conditions, lowered borrowing costs and boosted investor sentiment, particularly in rate-sensitive sectors like financials and real estate.

Despite global headwinds – including U.S. policy uncertainty and trade tensions – Canada benefited from a repeal of the digital services tax and a thaw in U.S.–Canada trade relations, which helped stabilize exports. Commodity prices, especially for copper and gold, surged, supporting the resource-heavy TSX.

While business investment remained subdued, technology stocks outperformed and the broader economic environment – marked by low inflation, falling rates and stable growth – fuelled a strong equity market rally.

Ten of the 11 GICS (Global Industry Classification Standard) sectors posted positive returns over the 12-month period. The best performing sectors were Information Technology, Materials and Financials. The only negative performing sector was Communication Services.

Over the period, the Canadian dollar weakened against the Euro currency, British pound and Japanese yen, and remained flat against the U.S. dollar.

Global equities advanced over the 12-month period as the MSCI World Index (C\$) returned 15.7%. The 12-month period has been one of profound transformation for global financial markets. Marked by fluctuating economic indicators, evolving monetary policy and shifting geopolitical landscapes, these developments have shaped the trajectory of equities, bonds and macroeconomic activity worldwide.

The global banking sector, after facing pressures from volatile interest rates and regulatory changes, has seen a cautious recovery.

Major economies have had to deal with inflation, central banks' tightening and easing cycles, and the persistent aftershocks of global supply chain disruptions. Central banks in the U.S., Europe and Asia initially maintained tight monetary policy in response to stubborn inflation, leading to higher short-term borrowing costs and restrained credit growth.

Major U.S. indices reached new highs in late 2024, fueled by robust earnings from technology, artificial intelligence and renewable energy sectors. However, periods of volatility arose due to shifting expectations around Federal Reserve policy. Market breadth narrowed as gains became concentrated among the "Magnificent Seven" a label given to the largest tech stocks in the S&P 500 Index.

European equities delivered moderate gains, with the STOXX Europe 600 benefiting from stronger-than-expected economic data and resilience in industrials and luxury goods. The European Central Bank's (ECB) did its part by aggressively cutting interest rates seven times during the period from 4.25% to 2.15%. ECB President Christine Lagarde said that the central bank had "nearly concluded" its rate-cutting cycle as the inflation has hit its target rate of 2%. Eurozone annual inflation was 1.9% as of May.

Japanese equities outperformed, with the Nikkei 225 hitting multi-decade highs amid yen weakness and corporate reforms. Chinese markets struggled with sluggish economic growth, property sector woes and ongoing U.S.–China tensions, although interventions by authorities in early 2025 stabilized investor sentiment.

Emerging market equities lagged developed peers, constrained by higher global interest rates, weaker currencies and recurring capital outflows. Latin America saw selective strength, particularly in countries with stable policy frameworks and commodity exposure.

Nine of the 11 GICS (Global Industry Classification Standard) sectors posted positive returns over the 12-month period, with Financials, Utilities and Communication Services being the largest contributors to index returns. The worst performing sectors were Health Care, Energy and Materials.

Within the Fund's Canadian equity component, Mackenzie Bluewater Canadian Growth Fund, Dynamic Power Canadian Growth Fund, Dynamic Small Business Fund, Dynamic Equity Income Fund and Dynamic Dividend Advantage Fund underperformed the S&P/TSX Composite Index, detracting from performance. The combined weighted average of the Fund's Canadian equity holdings underperformed the index as a result.

Within the Fund's global equity component, Dynamic Global Equity Fund, Dynamic Global Dividend Fund, Mawer U.S. Equity Fund, Mackenzie Global Dividend Fund and RBC Emerging Markets Equity Fund underperformed the Solactive GBS Developed Markets Large & Mid Cap Index and detracted from performance. The Fund's remaining holdings, Dynamic Power American Growth Fund, Dynamic Global Infrastructure Fund and Manulife World Investment Class, outperformed the index and contributed to performance. Overall, however, the combined weighted average of the Fund's global equity holdings underperformed the index.

Among the Fund's four fixed income holdings, Dynamic High Yield Bond Fund outperformed the FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index, contributing to performance. Dynamic Canadian Bond Fund and 1832 AM Global Credit Pool performed in line with the index, while Dynamic Total Return Bond Fund underperformed the index and detracted from performance. As a result, the combined weighted average of the Fund's fixed income holdings performed in line with the index.

The Fund's net asset value decreased to \$236.1 million at June 30, 2025, from \$270.2 million at June 30, 2024. This change was composed of net redemptions of \$62.3 million, and investment performance of \$28.4 million and cash distributions of \$0.2 million. The investment performance of the Fund includes income and expenses which vary year over year. The Fund's income and expenses changed compared to the previous year mainly as a result of fluctuations in average net assets, portfolio activity and changes in the Fund's income earning investments.

Certain series of the Fund, as applicable, may make distributions at a rate determined by the Manager from time to time. If the aggregate amount of distributions in such series exceeds the portion of net income and net realized capital gains allocated to such series, the excess will constitute a return of capital. The Manager does not believe that the return of capital distributions made by such series of the Fund have a meaningful impact on the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategy or to fulfill its investment objective.

Recent Developments

Fund Mergers

On July 14, 2025, the Manager proposed the merger of Marquis Institutional Balanced Growth Portfolio (Terminating Fund) into the Fund. Effective November 14, 2025, the Fund will acquire all of the net assets and assume all of the liabilities of the Terminating Fund in exchange for units in the Fund based on a conversion ratio. The financial statements of the Fund will not include the operating results of the Terminating Fund prior to the merger date.

Related Party Transactions

The Manager is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Bank of Nova Scotia ("Scotiabank"). Scotiabank also owns, directly or indirectly, 100% of Scotia Securities Inc., a mutual fund dealer, and Scotia Capital Inc. (which includes ScotiaMcLeod and Scotia iTRADE), an investment dealer.

The Manager, on behalf of the Fund, may enter into transactions or arrangements with other members of Scotiabank or certain other companies that are related or connected to the Manager (each a "related party"). All transactions between the Fund and the related parties are in the normal course of business and are carried out at arm's length terms.

The purpose of this section is to provide a brief description of any transaction involving the Fund and a related party.

Management Fees

The Manager is responsible for the day-to-day management and operations of the Fund. Certain series of the Fund pay the Manager a management fee for its services as described in the “Management Fee” section later in this document. The management fee is an annualized rate based on the net asset value of each series of the Fund, accrued daily and calculated and paid monthly.

Fixed Administration Fees and Fund Costs

The Manager pays the operating expenses of the Fund, other than Fund Costs, in exchange for the payment by the Fund of a fixed rate administration fee (the “Fixed Administration Fee”) to the Manager with respect to each series of the Fund. The expenses charged to the Fund in respect of the Fixed Administration Fee are disclosed in the Fund’s financial statements. The Fixed Administration Fee is equal to a specified percentage of the net asset value of a series, calculated and paid in the same manner as the management fees for the Fund. Further details about the Fixed Administration Fee can be found in the Fund’s most recent simplified prospectus.

In addition, each series of the Fund is responsible for its proportionate share of certain operating expenses (“Fund Costs”). Further details about Fund Costs can be found in the Fund’s most recent simplified prospectus.

The Manager, at its sole discretion, may waive or absorb a portion of a series’ expenses. These waivers or absorptions may be terminated at any time without notice.

Distribution Services

Certain registered dealers through which units of the Fund are distributed are related parties to the Fund and the Manager. The Manager may pay a trailing commission, which is negotiated with dealers, to dealers for their financial advisors in respect of the assets of their clients invested in securities of the Fund. The Manager, during the period, could also pay trailing commissions to dealers for securities purchased or held through discount brokerage accounts.

Other Fees

The Manager, or its affiliates, may earn fees and spreads in connection with various services provided to, or transactions with, the Fund, such as banking, custody, brokerage, foreign exchange or derivatives transactions. The Manager, or its affiliates, may earn a foreign exchange spread when unitholders switch between series of funds denominated in different currencies.

Independent Review Committee

The Manager has established an independent review committee (the “IRC”) in accordance with National Instrument 81-107 – Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds (“NI 81-107”) with a mandate to review and provide recommendations or approval, as required, on conflict of interest matters referred to it by the Manager on behalf of the Fund. The IRC is responsible for overseeing the Manager’s decisions in

situations where the Manager is faced with any present or perceived conflicts of interest, all in accordance with NI 81-107.

The IRC may also approve certain mergers between the Fund and other funds, and any change of the auditor of the Fund. Subject to any corporate and securities law requirements, no securityholder approval will be obtained in such circumstances, but you will be sent a written notice at least 60 days before the effective date of any such transaction or change of auditor. In certain circumstances, securityholder approval may be required to approve certain mergers.

The IRC has four members, Stephen J. Griggs (Chair), Steven Donald, Heather A. T. Hunter and Cecilia Mo, each of whom is independent of the Manager.

The IRC prepares and files a report to the securityholders each fiscal year that describes the IRC and its activities for securityholders as well as contains a complete list of the standing instructions. These standing instructions enable the Manager to act in a particular conflict of interest matter on a continuing basis provided the Manager complies with its policies and procedures established to address that conflict of interest matter and reports periodically to the IRC on the matter. This report to the securityholders is available on the Manager’s website or, at no cost, by contacting the Manager.

The compensation and other reasonable expenses of the IRC will be paid out of the assets of the Fund as well as out of the assets of the other investment funds for which the IRC may act as the independent review committee. Each member of the IRC receives an annual retainer of \$62,000 (\$77,000 for the Chair), plus expenses for each meeting. The fees and expenses, plus associated legal costs, are split equally among all of the funds managed by the Manager for which the IRC acts as the independent review committee. The main component of compensation is an annual retainer fee. Expenses of the IRC may include premiums for insurance coverage, travel expenses and reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.

The Manager, in respect of the Fund, received the following standing instructions from the IRC with respect to related party transactions:

- Paying brokerage commissions and spreads to a related party for effecting security transactions on an agency and principal basis on behalf of the Fund;
- Purchases or sales of securities of an issuer from or to another investment fund managed by the Manager;
- Investments in the securities of issuers for which a related underwriter acted as an underwriter during the distribution of such securities and the 60-day period following the completion of such distribution;
- Executing foreign exchange transactions with a related party on behalf of the Fund;
- Purchases of securities of a related party;
- Entering into over-the-counter derivatives on behalf of the Fund with a related party;

- Outsourcing products and services to related parties which can be charged to the Fund;
- Acquisition of prohibited securities as defined by securities regulations;
- Trading in mortgages with a related party;
- Entering into a designated broker agreement with a related party; and
- Entering into a prime broker agreement with a related party.

The Manager is required to advise the IRC of any breach of a condition of the standing instructions. The standing instructions require, among other things, that the investment decision in respect

to a related party transaction: (a) is made by the Manager free from any influence by an entity related to the Manager and without taking into account any consideration to any associate or affiliate of the Manager; (b) represents the business judgment of the Manager uninfluenced by considerations other than the best interests of the Fund; and (c) is made in compliance with the Manager's written policies and procedures. Transactions made by the Manager under the standing instructions are subsequently reviewed by the IRC to monitor compliance.

The Manager, in respect of the Fund, did not rely on IRC standing instructions regarding related party transactions during the period.

Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about each series of the Fund and are intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the periods indicated. The information on the following tables is based on prescribed regulations and as a result, is not expected to add across due to the increase (decrease) in net assets from operations being based on average units outstanding during the period and all other numbers being based on actual units outstanding at the relevant point in time. Footnotes for the tables are found at the end of the Financial Highlights section.

The Fund's Net Assets per Unit (\$) ⁽¹⁾

For the period ended	Net Assets, beginning of period	Increase (decrease) from operations					Distributions					Net Assets, end of period ⁽¹⁾
		Total revenue	Total expenses	Realized gains (losses) for the period	Unrealized gains (losses) for the period	Total increase (decrease) from operations ⁽²⁾	From net investment income (excluding dividends)	From dividends	From capital gains	Return of capital	Total distributions ⁽³⁾	
Series A												
Jun 30, 2025	22.12	0.76	(0.48)	1.63	0.61	2.52	—	—	(0.38)	—	(0.38)	24.23
Jun 30, 2024	20.68	0.50	(0.49)	1.00	0.72	1.73	—	—	(0.40)	—	(0.40)	22.12
Jun 30, 2023	19.25	0.42	(0.47)	0.46	1.19	1.60	—	—	(0.18)	—	(0.18)	20.68
Jun 30, 2022	22.36	0.33	(0.52)	1.34	(4.07)	(2.92)	—	—	(0.07)	—	(0.07)	19.25
Jun 30, 2021	20.78	0.32	(0.52)	1.19	1.53	2.52	—	—	(0.98)	—	(0.98)	22.36
Series F												
Jun 30, 2025	14.19	0.48	(0.14)	1.04	0.44	1.82	—	—	(0.24)	—	(0.24)	15.71
Jun 30, 2024	13.28	0.33	(0.17)	0.64	0.47	1.27	—	—	(0.42)	—	(0.42)	14.19
Jun 30, 2023	12.37	0.27	(0.16)	0.30	0.78	1.19	—	—	(0.27)	—	(0.27)	13.28
Jun 30, 2022	14.35	0.21	(0.18)	0.88	(2.72)	(1.81)	—	—	(0.19)	—	(0.19)	12.37
Jun 30, 2021	13.31	0.15	(0.18)	0.80	1.01	1.78	—	—	(0.76)	—	(0.76)	14.35
Series I												
Jun 30, 2025	18.90	0.65	(0.01)	1.40	0.50	2.54	—	—	(0.32)	—	(0.32)	21.13
Jun 30, 2024	17.82	0.43	(0.02)	0.85	0.54	1.80	—	—	(0.91)	—	(0.91)	18.90
Jun 30, 2023	16.66	0.36	(0.02)	0.40	1.08	1.82	—	—	(0.60)	—	(0.60)	17.82
Jun 30, 2022	19.35	0.27	(0.02)	1.17	(3.58)	(2.16)	—	—	(0.52)	—	(0.52)	16.66
Jun 30, 2021	17.94	0.26	(0.02)	1.03	1.30	2.57	—	—	(1.24)	—	(1.24)	19.35
Series T												
Jun 30, 2025	10.96	0.37	(0.24)	0.79	0.34	1.26	—	—	(0.18)	(0.49)	(0.67)	11.51
Jun 30, 2024	10.67	0.26	(0.25)	0.49	0.37	0.87	—	—	(0.18)	(0.45)	(0.63)	10.96
Jun 30, 2023	10.52	0.22	(0.25)	0.25	0.66	0.88	—	—	(0.08)	(0.63)	(0.71)	10.67
Jun 30, 2022	12.98	0.23	(0.29)	0.72	(2.26)	(1.60)	—	—	(0.04)	(0.75)	(0.79)	10.52
Jun 30, 2021	12.25	0.24	(0.30)	0.67	0.88	1.49	—	—	(0.60)	(0.16)	(0.76)	12.98

(1) This information is derived from the Fund's audited annual financial statements. The net assets per unit presented in the financial statements may differ from the net asset value per unit. An explanation of these differences can be found in note 2 of the Fund's financial statements. The net asset value per unit at the end of the period is disclosed in Ratios and Supplemental Data.

(2) Net assets per unit and distributions per unit are based on the actual number of units outstanding for the relevant series at the relevant time. The increase (decrease) in net assets from operations per unit is based on the weighted average number of units outstanding for the relevant series over the period.

(3) Distributions were paid in cash or reinvested in additional units of the Fund.

Ratios and Supplemental Data

As at	Total net asset value (in \$000s) ⁽¹⁾	Number of units outstanding ⁽¹⁾	Management expense ratio ("MER") (%) ⁽²⁾	MER before waivers or absorptions (%) ⁽²⁾	Trading expense ratio ("TER") (%) ⁽³⁾	Portfolio turnover rate (%) ⁽⁴⁾	Net asset value per unit (\$) ⁽¹⁾
Series A							
Jun 30, 2025	180,573	7,452,857	2.13	2.42	0.09	11.59	24.23
Jun 30, 2024	210,668	9,525,036	2.41	2.41	0.07	2.98	22.12
Jun 30, 2023	263,694	12,752,605	2.43	2.43	0.05	2.33	20.68
Jun 30, 2022	293,177	15,231,690	2.42	2.42	0.05	8.97	19.25
Jun 30, 2021	378,005	16,904,799	2.42	2.43	0.06	38.10	22.36
Series F							
Jun 30, 2025	37,153	2,364,334	1.00	1.33	0.09	11.59	15.71
Jun 30, 2024	39,481	2,783,195	1.32	1.32	0.07	2.98	14.19
Jun 30, 2023	48,835	3,678,352	1.32	1.32	0.05	2.33	13.28
Jun 30, 2022	55,646	4,498,027	1.32	1.32	0.05	8.97	12.37
Jun 30, 2021	62,707	4,370,195	1.33	1.33	0.06	38.10	14.35
Series I							
Jun 30, 2025	17,038	806,499	0.10	0.16	0.09	11.59	21.13
Jun 30, 2024	18,467	977,147	0.16	0.16	0.07	2.98	18.90
Jun 30, 2023	24,590	1,379,687	0.17	0.17	0.05	2.33	17.82
Jun 30, 2022	29,105	1,747,414	0.16	0.17	0.05	8.97	16.66
Jun 30, 2021	36,934	1,908,887	0.16	0.16	0.06	38.10	19.35
Series T							
Jun 30, 2025	1,350	117,341	2.13	2.43	0.09	11.59	11.51
Jun 30, 2024	1,599	145,859	2.39	2.39	0.07	2.98	10.96
Jun 30, 2023	2,371	222,255	2.41	2.44	0.05	2.33	10.67
Jun 30, 2022	2,562	243,511	2.40	2.43	0.05	8.97	10.52
Jun 30, 2021	3,649	281,066	2.40	2.43	0.06	38.10	12.98

(1) This information is provided as at the period end of the years shown.

(2) The management expense ratio is based on the total expenses (including sales tax, and excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) of each series of the Fund and a proportional share of underlying funds' expenses (mutual funds, ETFs and closed-end funds), where applicable, for the stated period and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period.

(3) The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, short borrowing costs and interest on leverage of the Fund and the underlying funds, where applicable, expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value of the Fund during the period.

(4) The Fund's portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the Fund's portfolio advisor manages its portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the Fund buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the period. The higher a fund's portfolio turnover rate in a period, the greater the trading costs payable by the fund in the period, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of a fund.

Management Fees

The management fee is an annualized rate based on the net asset value of each series of the Fund, accrued daily and calculated and paid monthly. The management fees cover the costs of managing the Fund, arranging for investment analysis, recommendations and investment decision making for the Fund, arranging for distribution of the Fund, marketing and promotion of the Fund and providing or arranging for other services.

The breakdown of services received in consideration of management fees for each series, as a percentage of the management fees, are as follows:

	Management fees (%)	Dealer compensation (%)	Other [†] (%)
Series A	2.00	48.5	51.5
Series F	1.00	—	100.0
Series I*	n/a	—	—
Series T	2.00	48.8	51.2

* The management fee for this series is negotiated and paid directly by these unitholders and not by the Fund.

† Relates to all services provided by the Manager described above except dealer compensation.

Past Performance

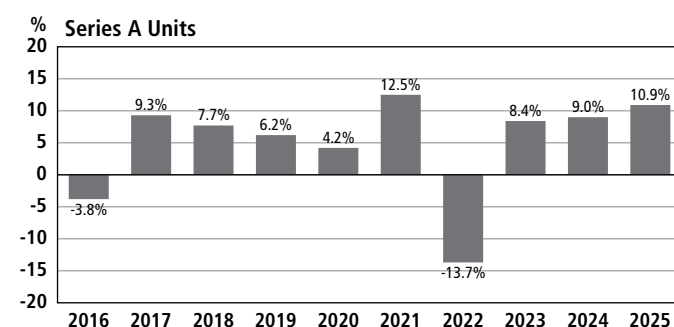
The following shows the past performance for each series and will not necessarily indicate how the Fund will perform in the

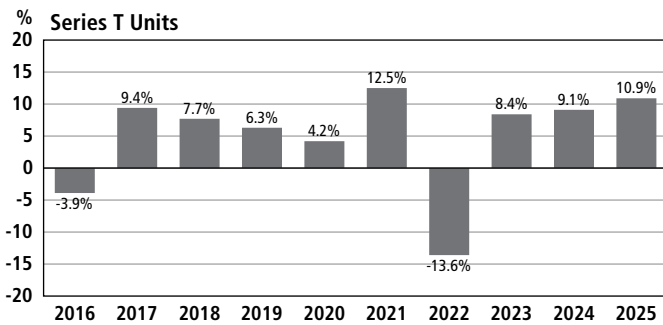
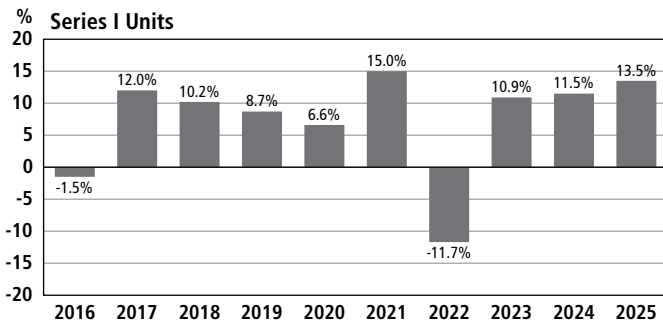
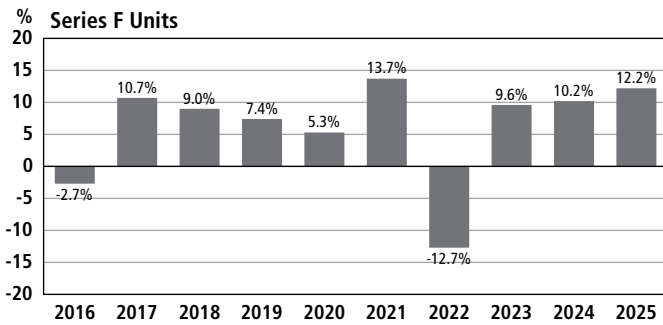
future. The information shown assumes that all distributions made by each series of the Fund in the periods shown were reinvested in additional units of the relevant series. In addition, the information does not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or other optional charges that would have reduced returns or performance.

Year-by-Year Returns

The following charts show the performance for each series of the Fund and illustrate how performance has varied from year to year. The charts show, in percentage terms, how much an investment held on the first day of each fiscal year would have increased or decreased by the last day of each fiscal year for that series.

(for fiscal years ended June 30)





Annual Compound Returns

The annual compound returns table below compares each series of the Fund's performance to one or more benchmarks. A benchmark is usually an index or a composite of more than one index. Fund returns are reported net of all management fees and expenses for all series, unlike the return of benchmarks which are based on the performance of an index that does not pay fees or incur expenses.

		One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Series A	%	10.9	9.4	4.9	4.8
Blended Benchmark*	%	14.5	13.9	9.4	7.9
S&P/TSX Composite Index	%	26.4	16.1	15.0	9.6
FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index	%	6.1	4.3	-0.4	1.9
Series F	%	12.2	10.7	6.1	6.0
Blended Benchmark*	%	14.5	13.9	9.4	7.9
S&P/TSX Composite Index	%	26.4	16.1	15.0	9.6
FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index	%	6.1	4.3	-0.4	1.9
Series I	%	13.5	11.9	7.3	7.2
Blended Benchmark*	%	14.5	13.9	9.4	7.9
S&P/TSX Composite Index	%	26.4	16.1	15.0	9.6
FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index	%	6.1	4.3	-0.4	1.9

		One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Series T	%	10.9	9.5	5.0	4.8
Blended Benchmark*	%	14.5	13.9	9.4	7.9
S&P/TSX Composite Index	%	26.4	16.1	15.0	9.6
FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index	%	6.1	4.3	-0.4	1.9

* The Blended Benchmark is composed of 35% FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index, 20% S&P/TSX Composite Index and 45% Solactive GBS Developed Markets Large & Mid Cap Index (C\$).

Index Descriptions

FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index – This index is composed of investment grade, fixed coupon, government and corporate bonds, issued in Canada and denominated in Canadian dollars, with a remaining term to maturity of at least one year. The index is weighted by market capitalization.

Solactive GBS Developed Markets Large & Mid Cap Index (C\$) – The index tracks the performance of the large and mid cap segment covering approximately the largest 85% of the free-float market capitalization in the developed markets.

S&P/TSX Composite Index – This is a broad economic sector index comprising approximately 95% of the market capitalization for Canadian-based, Toronto Stock Exchange listed companies.

Summary of Investment Portfolio

The Summary of Investment Portfolio may change due to ongoing portfolio transactions. A quarterly portfolio update is available to the investor at no cost by calling 1-800-268-8186, or by visiting www.dynamic.ca, 60 days after quarter end, except for June 30, which is the fiscal year end, when they are available after 90 days.

The Fund invests primarily in mutual funds managed by the Manager and/or third party investment managers. The simplified prospectus, annual information form and other information about the Underlying Funds are available on the Internet at www.sedarplus.ca.

By Asset Type	Percentage of net asset value
Foreign Equity Funds	45.1
Fixed Income Funds	34.4
Canadian Equity Funds	19.9
Cash and Short Term Instruments (Bank Overdraft)	0.2
Other Net Assets (Liabilities)	0.4

By Country / Region ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of net asset value
Canada	99.4
Cash and Short Term Instruments (Bank Overdraft)	0.2

Top Holdings*	Percentage of net asset value
Dynamic Total Return Bond Fund, Series "O"	15.4
Manulife World Investment Class, Series "I"	11.3
Dynamic Power American Growth Fund, Series "O"	9.1
Dynamic Canadian Bond Fund, Series "O"	8.5
Dynamic Equity Income Fund, Series "O"	7.9
1832 AM Global Credit Pool, Series "I"	7.0
Mawer U.S. Equity Fund, Series "O"	5.7
Dynamic Global Equity Fund, Series "O"	5.7
Dynamic Global Dividend Fund, Series "O"	4.8
Mackenzie Global Dividend Fund, Series "O"	4.7
Dynamic High Yield Bond Fund, Series "O"	3.5
Dynamic Power Canadian Growth Fund, Series "O"	3.0
Mackenzie Bluewater Canadian Growth Fund, Series "O"	3.0
Dynamic Dividend Advantage Fund, Series "O"	3.0
Dynamic Small Business Fund, Series "O"	3.0
Dynamic Global Infrastructure Fund, Series "O"	1.9
RBC Emerging Markets Equity Fund, Series "O"	1.9
Cash and Short Term Instruments (Bank Overdraft)	0.2

(1) Excludes other net assets (liabilities) and derivatives.

* Securities legislation requires the top 25 holdings of the Fund to be presented; however, the Fund currently has less than 25 holdings.